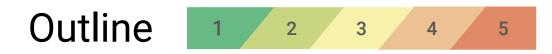




Pedestrian routing of dynamic areas using Volunteered Geographical Information (OpenStreetMap)

Héctor Ochoa Ortiz Supervisors: Univ.Prof. Mag.rer.nat. Dr.rer.nat. Georg Gartner Dr. Anita Graser





- 1. Introduction and Background
- 2. Methodology
- 3. Case Study
- 4. Routing results
- 5. Discussion

2

4

5



Graser, 2016

Our real world is not static, changes dynamically

Pedestrians (vs. vehicles) have a higher degree of freedom, and can naturally move through open spaces

Routing networks have historically ignored pedestrian needs



Man Walking - Jeffrey Czum





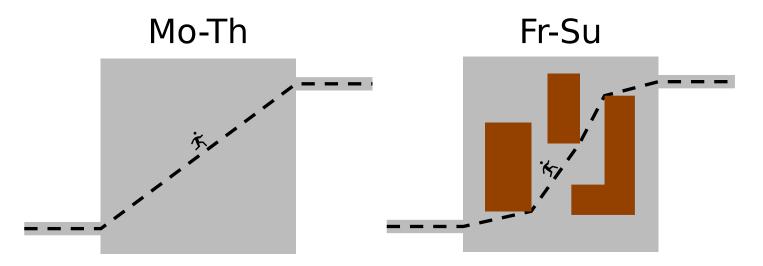
3 4

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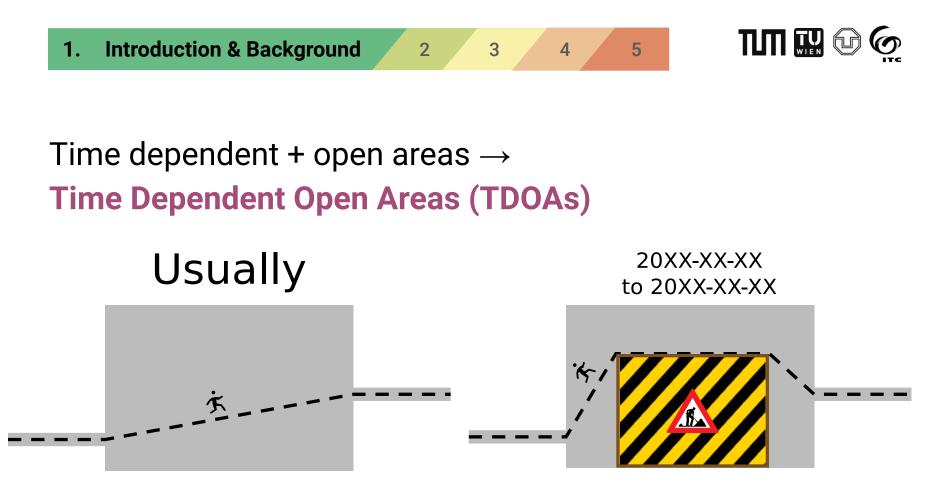
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Time dependent + open areas → **Time Dependent Open Areas (TDOAs)**



Example of a TDOA. A pedestrian square is fully traversable from Monday to Thursday. From Friday to Sunday, there is a weekly market that changes the areas that can be walked over, so a pedestrian would have to walk around the market stalls to reach the opposite end of the square.



Example of a TDOA. A pedestrian square is usually fully traversable. During some days, there is some construction work, so a pedestrian would have to walk around the construction site to reach the opposite end of the square.

5



Goodchild, 2007 OpenStreetMap Wiki, 2022

Newly introduced concept + Inexistent / Non accessible Commercial Solutions

VGI →
Edited by individual users
Fills the gap in the availability of digital information

6

OpenStreetMap (OSM) → Biggest actor of VGI Huge "ecosystem" of applications built around it Starting point for data + applications

5

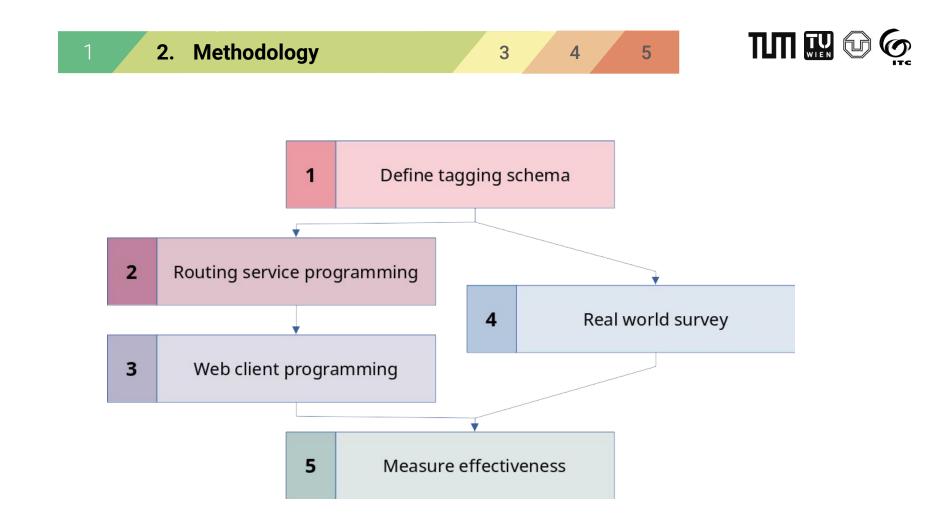


 $Q1 \rightarrow$ How can a new schema for TDOAs be derived from current OSM time dependent and open area schemas?

2

 $Q2 \rightarrow$ How can we create a routing service that can route through TDOAs?

 $Q3 \rightarrow$ How effective are the proposed schema and routing service in a real world example?



5

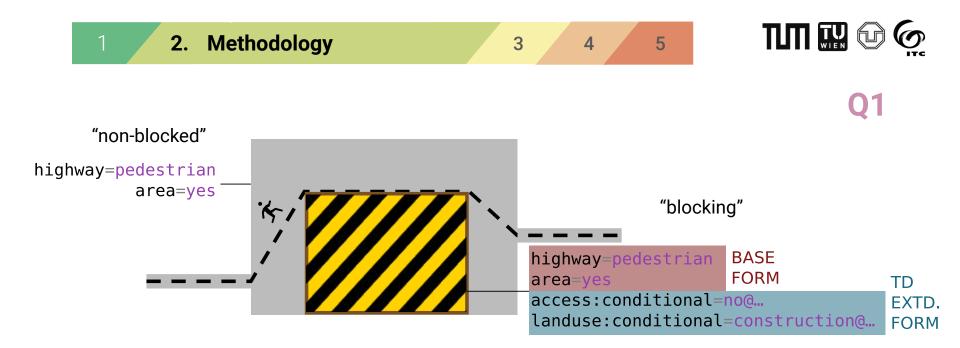


Requirements for the schema:

- Futureproof broad array of scenarios
- Routing systems that do not understand the new schema must still return a route
- It must follow OSM philosophy

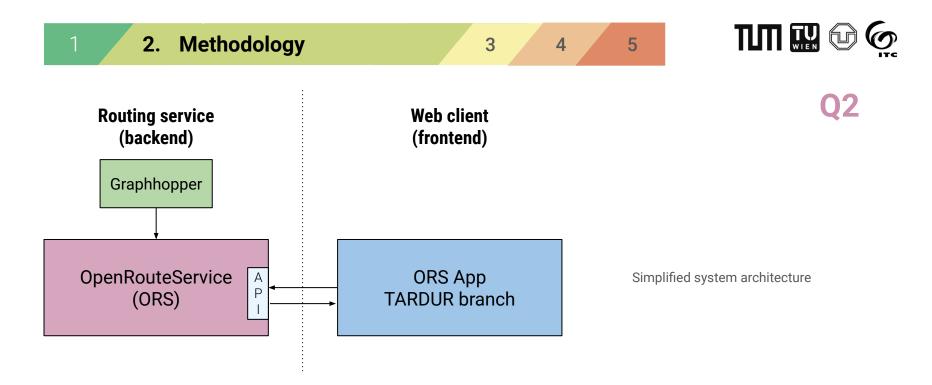
Two types of subareas:

- "non-blocked": stay unchanged
- "blocking": access changes



Proposed tagging schema applied for the construction example





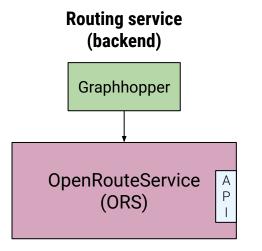
ORS and ORS App were extended to accept TDOAs

11

Changes were returned to the community \rightarrow Pull Request \bigcirc







Multipolygon routing started \rightarrow Deemed too difficult \rightarrow Future work

Divide-and-conquer (divide et impera)

5

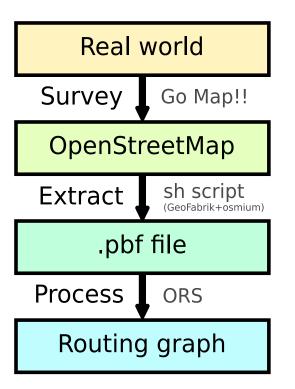
Separate into subproblems:

- Open Area routing for

 (code already started, bug found, stated issue and fixed by HeiGIT, thanks guys
- Combine both problems (trivial with closed ways OA)



 Small changes only in personal fork (just centered in the specific problem, no point in contributing them back)



Data flow diagram

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Survey with mobile app (Go Map!!)

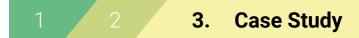
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Main focus is not accuracy, just to showcase possible TDOA scenarios

More accurate surveying could be done in the future if city councils or interested stakeholders get involved



Schottenring U-Bahn station [TD]





Rathausplatz [OA]

4



5

Mariahilferstraße (U2 construction)





Q3

Data from 31st August, 19:00 GMT, city boundary of Vienna Computer: Lenovo 80XE, Intel Core i3-7100U, 4GB RAM, EndeavourOS

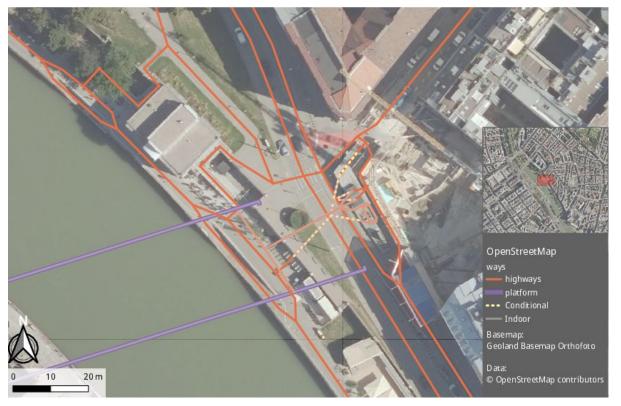
TD	OA	Graph generation time (s)	Graph size (MB)	Graph edges
Х	Х	45.996	23.03	195251
1	Х	46.958	27.03	195251
Х	1	71.134	24.03	220546
1	1	73.118	28.03	220546

Comparison of graph generation time and graph size with the different options activated or deactivated





Schottenring U-Bahn station [TD]



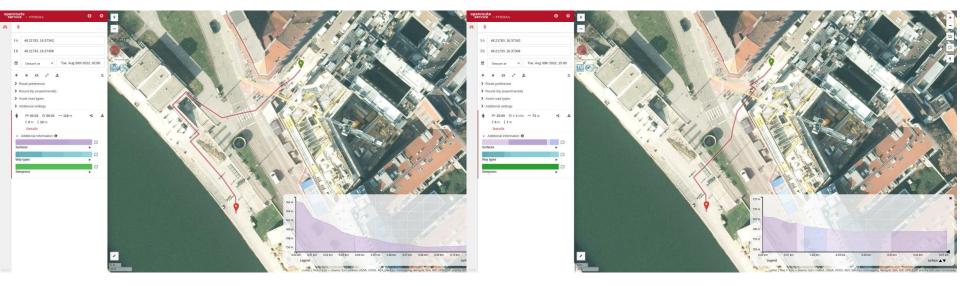
Highways relevant for tagging at the Schottenring case study

17





Schottenring U-Bahn station [TD]



TD	ΟΑ	Departure time	Route length (m)	% optimal
Х	Х	Not applicable	73	optimal 👖
\checkmark	Х	Tue, Aug 30th 2022, 15:00	73	optimal
1	Х	Tue, Aug 30th 2022, 02:00	118	+62%







Rathausplatz [OA]

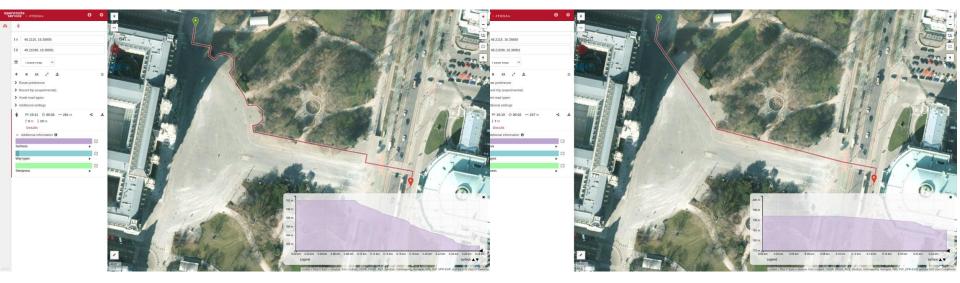
19



Highways relevant for tagging at the Rathausplatz case study



Rathausplatz [OA]

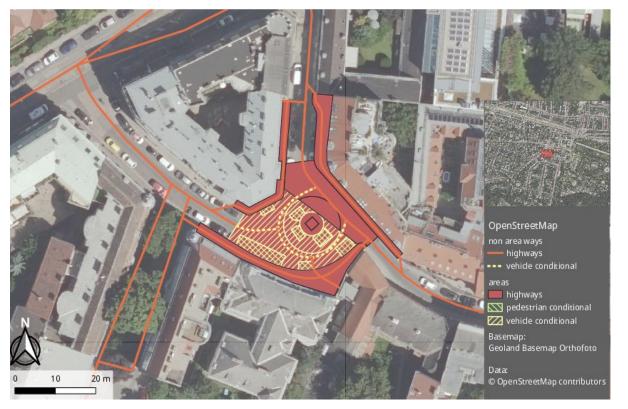


TD	ΟΑ	Route length (m)	% optimal
Х	Х	281	+19%
Х	1	237	optimal





Altgasse, Hietzing (weekly market)

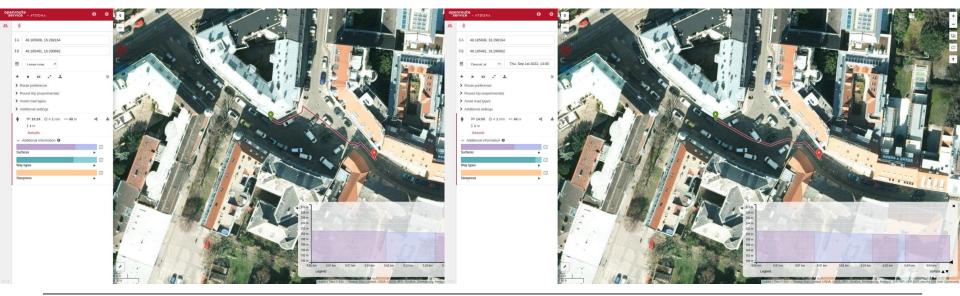


Highways relevant for tagging at the Altgasse, Hietzing case study





Altgasse, Hietzing (weekly market)



TD	ΟΑ	Departure time	Route length (m)	% optimal
Х	Х	Not applicable	49	+11%
\checkmark	\checkmark	Thu, Sep 1st 2022, 14:00	44	optimal 🔔
1	1	Sat, Sep 3rd 2022, 12:00	44	optimal





Mariahilferstraße (U2 construction)



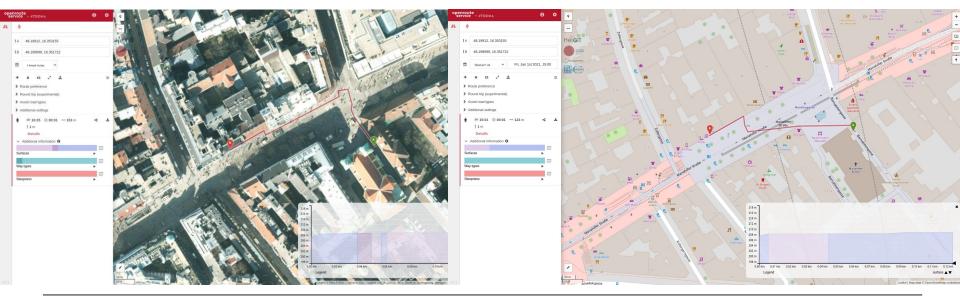
Highways relevant for tagging at the Mariahilferstraße case study

23

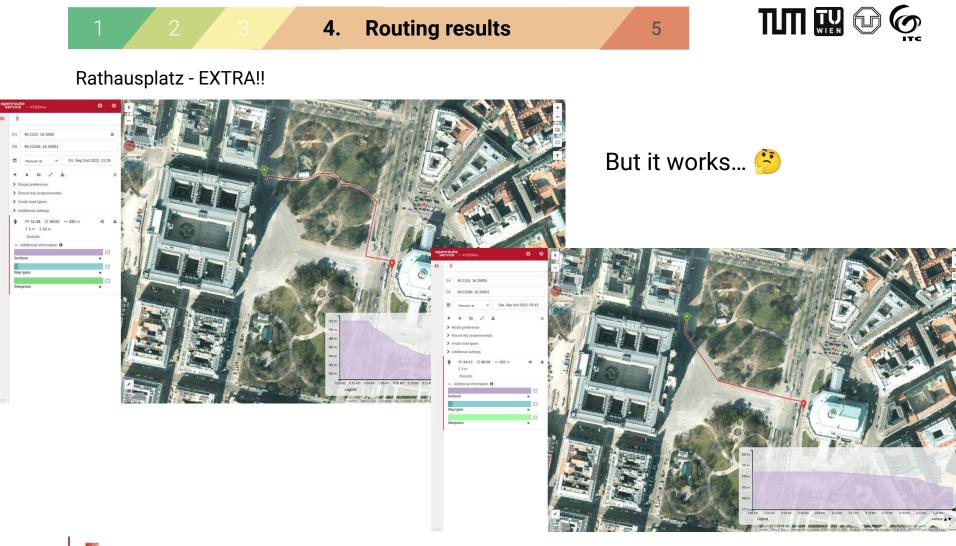




Mariahilferstraße (U2 construction)



TD	ΟΑ	Departure time	Route length (m)	% optimal
Х	Х	Not applicable	153	+24%
\checkmark	\checkmark	Fri, Jan 1st 2021, 15:00	123	optimal 👖
✓	1	Tue, Aug 30th 2022, 15:00	123	optimal







Develop a tagging schema for TDOAs in OSM V





- Develop a tagging schema for TDOAs in OSM V
- Make a routing service understand the schema V





- Develop a tagging schema for TDOAs in OSM V
- Make a routing service understand the schema V
- Make a routing service return the correct route at all times 1
 Something is still wrong... but it is not TD+OAs routing

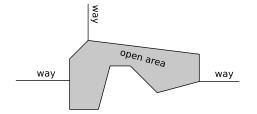
It's OAs routing on its own (visibility algorithm)

28

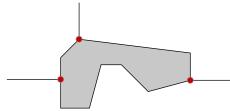


5. Discussion

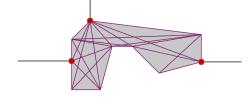




Tower nodes (junctions)



Local graph (connect every node, add edge if fully inside area)

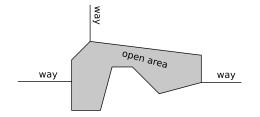


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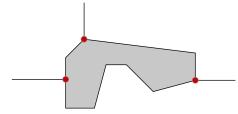


5. Discussion

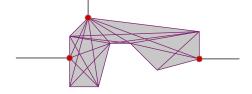




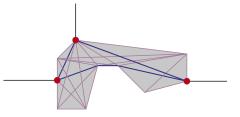
Tower nodes (junctions)

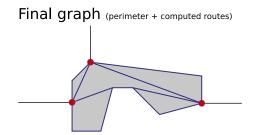


Local graph (connect every node, add edge if fully inside area)



Compute routes between tower nodes





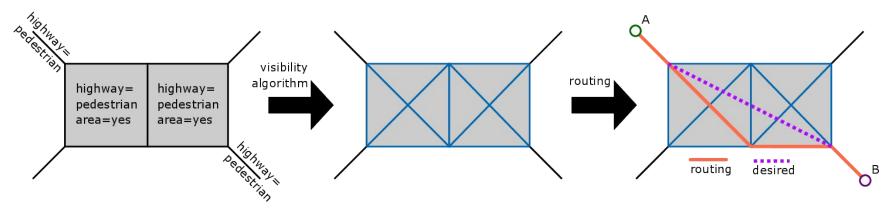
Why vis. alg.? Graser, 2016 Hahmann et al., 2017





BORDER PROBLEM

31

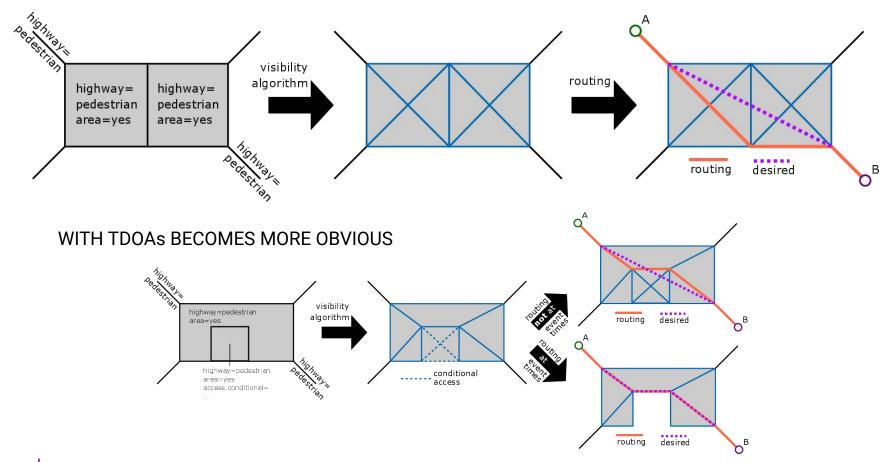






BORDER PROBLEM

32





Future work

33

- Fix border problem, add multipolygons
- Real time events (outside OSM)
- Get stakeholders involved (e.g. city councils)
- Dynamic tiles to represent dynamic realities
- Behavioural studies, how do people navigate through dynamic environments





Goodchild, M. F. (2007). Citizens as sensors: The world of volunteered geography. *GeoJournal, 69 (4), 211–221.* https://doi.org/10.1007/s10708-007-9111-y

Graser, A. (2016). Integrating Open Spaces into OpenStreetMap Routing Graphs for Realistic Crossing Behaviour in Pedestrian Navigation. *GI_Forum 2016, 4,* 217–230. https://doi.org/10.1553/giscience2016_01_s217

Hahmann, S., Miksch, J., Resch, B., Lauer, J., & Zipf, A. (2017). Routing through open spaces – a performance comparison of algorithms. *Geo-spatial Information Science*, *21* (3), 247–256. https://doi.org/10.1080/10095020.2017.1399675

OpenStreetMap Wiki. (2022). *About OpenStreetMap - OpenStreetMap Wiki*. Retrieved April 4, 2022, from https://wiki.openstreetmap.org/wiki/About_OpenStreetMap



